# **UMTS Long Term Evolution (LTE)** Technology Overview

UMTS Long Term Evolution (LTE) will ensure the competitiveness of UMTS for the next ten years and beyond by providing a high-data-rate, low-latency and packet-optimized system. Also known as EUTRA (Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access) and EUTRAN (Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network), LTE is part of 3GPP release 8 specifications. The novelties that LTE brings to the UMTS world include:

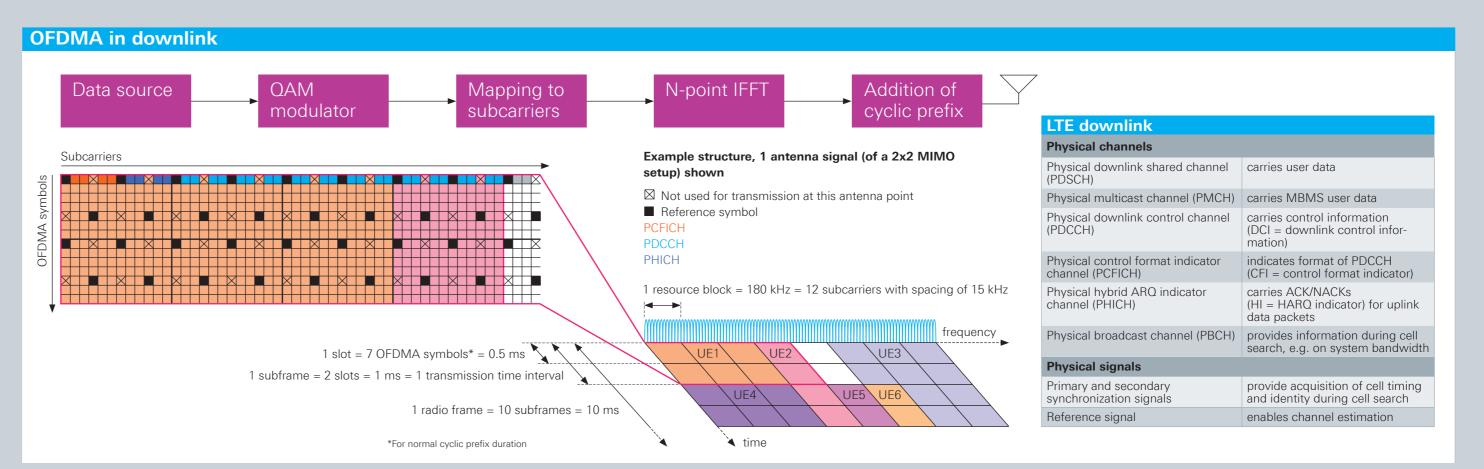
I New multiple access schemes

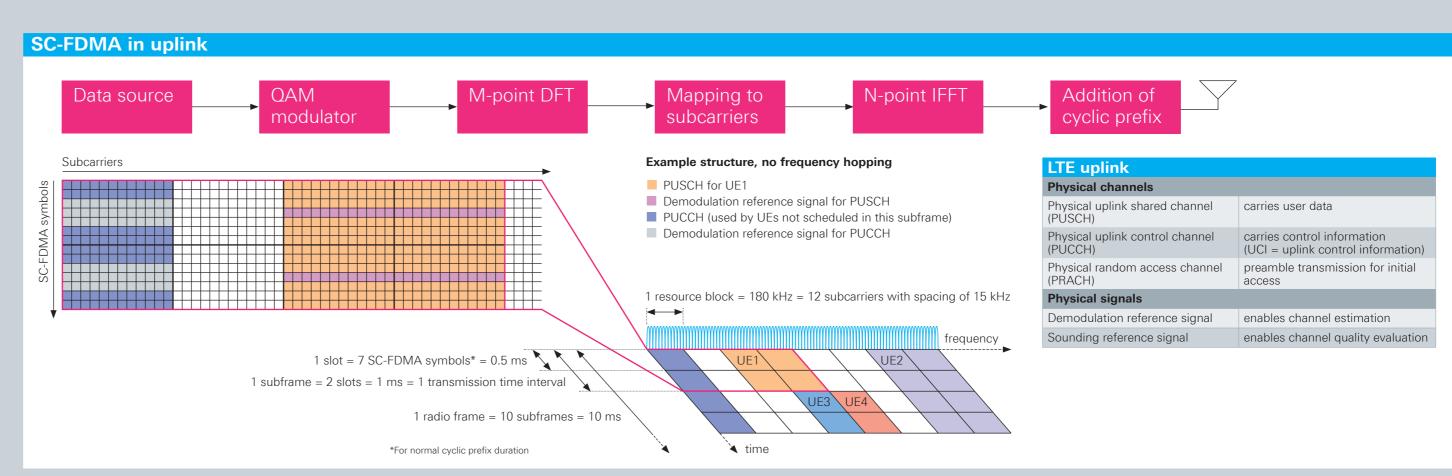
Scalable bandwidth up to 20 MHz

I MIMO antenna technology

- New data and control channels
- New network and protocol architecture
- Specific test and measurement challenges

#### Multiple Access Schemes and Physical Layer Signal Generation





The future will bring even more: The work on LTE-Advanced has already begun in order to pave the way to 4G.

Rohde&Schwarz is the right partner for making your LTE products happen. Our test solutions were the first on the market and since then evolved to a full product portfolio from a single-source supplier, covering applications from R&D up to conformance.

Frequency range	FDD (in MHz):				TDD (in MHz):	
(UMTS bands)	<ul> <li>I) UL: 1920 to 1980 DL: 2110 to 2170</li> <li>II) UL: 1850 to 1910 DL: 1930 to 1990</li> <li>III) UL: 1710 to 1785 DL: 1805 to 1880</li> <li>IV) UL: 1710 to 1755 DL: 2110 to 2155</li> <li>V) UL: 824 to 849 DL: 869 to 894</li> <li>VI) UL: 830 to 840 DL: 875 to 885</li> </ul>				1900 to 1920 2010 to 2025 1850 to 1910 1930 to 1990 1910 to 1930 2570 to 2620 1880 to 1920 2300 to 2400	
	VII) UL: DL: DL: DL: LX) UL: DL: X) UL: DL: XI) UL: XII) UL: XIII) UL: XIII) UL:	2500 tc 2620 tc 880 tc 925 tc 1749.9 tc 1844.9 tc 1710 tc 2110 tc 1427.9 tc 698 tc 728 tc 777 tc 746 tc 788 tc	<ul> <li>2570</li> <li>2690</li> <li>915</li> <li>960</li> <li>1784.9</li> <li>1879.9</li> <li>1879.9</li> <li>1770</li> <li>2170</li> <li>1452.9</li> <li>1500.9</li> <li>716</li> <li>746</li> <li>787</li> <li>756</li> <li>798</li> </ul>			
Channel bandwidth	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Resource blocks (RB) (1 RB = 180 kHz)	6	15	25	50	75	100
Modulation schemes	DL: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM UL: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM (optional for UE)					
Multiple access	DL: OFDMA UL: SC-FDMA					
Peak data rate	300	Mbit/s (UE Mbit/s (UE Mbit/s (UE	Ecategory	5, 4x4 MI	MO, 20 N	IHz), 1Hz)

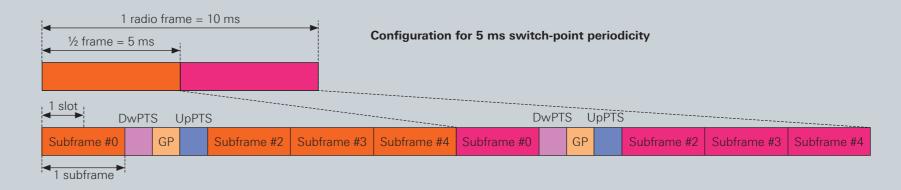
## **Network and Protocol** Architecture

eNB	MME	S-GW	P-GW
Inter-cell RRM	NAS security	Mobility anchoring	UE IP address allocation
Radio bearer control	Idle state mobility	difference	Packet
Connection mobility control	handling		filtering
	EPS bearer		

## MIMO Antenna Technology

LTE MIMO characteristics					
Number of BS transmit antennas	1, 2 or 4				
Number of UE receive antennas	2 or 4				
DL transmit diversity	space frequency block coding (SFBC)				
DL spatial multiplexing	codebook-based precoding, maximum of 2 parallel code words				
DL cyclic delay diversity	antenna specific cyclic shifts				
UL MIMO mode	multi-user / collaborative MIMO, transmit antenna selection				

## **TDD Frame Structure**



### Selection of Rohde & Schwarz LTE Test Solutions



#### R&S®SMU200A **Signal generation**

- LTE downlink and uplink signal generation for terminal and base station receiver tests
- 2x2 MIMO setup including realtime fading in one box
- Expandable to 4x2 and 2x4 MIMO setups with realtime fading



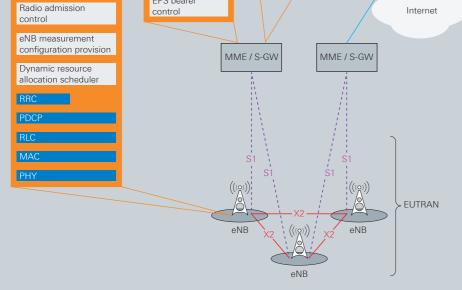
#### R&S<sup>®</sup>FSQ / R&S<sup>®</sup>FSG Signal and spectrum analysis

- I High-performance analysis of LTE RF characteristics including 4x4 MIMO capability
- I LTE downlink and uplink signal analysis for base station and terminal transmitter tests
- Many more standards supported: HSPA/HSPA+, WiMAX, CDMA2000® 1xRTT/1xEV-DO\*,



#### **R&S®CMW500 Protocol testing**

I One tester for all stages of wireless device testing - from R&D to conformance I Test of layer 1 to 3 up to user plane I Full flexibility for test scenario definition Scalable one-box hardware setup



Channel coding for uplink and downlink

I Many more standards supported: HSPA/HSPA+, WiMAX, CDMA2000® 1xRTT/1xEV-DO\*, GSM/EDGE, WLAN, etc.

#### Glossary

GSM/EDGE, WLAN, etc.

■ Support of all 3GPP frequency bands Ready for MIMO and multi-RAT testing

3GPP = 3rd Generation Partnership Project, ARQ = Automatic Repeat Request, BS = Base Station, DFT = Discrete Fourier Transformation, DL = Downlink, DwPTS = Downlink, Pilot Timeslot, eNB = enhanced Node B, EPS = Evolved Packet System, EUTRA(N) = Evolved UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access (Network), FDD = Frequency Division Duplex, GP = Guard Period, HARQ = Hybrid ARQ, IFFT = Inverse Fast Fourier Transformation, IP = Internet Protocol, MAC = Medium Access Control, MBMS = Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service, MIMO = Multiple Input Multiple Output, MME = Mobility Management Entity, NAS = Non Access Stratum, OFDMA = Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access, P-GW = Packet Data Network Gateway, PDCP = Packet Data Convergence Protocol, PHY = Physical Layer, QAM = Quadrature Amplitude Modulation, RAT = Radio Access Technology, RLC = Radio Link Control, RRC = Radio Resource Control, RRM = Radio Resource Control, RRM = Serving Gateway, SC-FDMA = Single Carrier Frequency Division Multiple Access, TDD = Time Division Duplex, UE = User Equipment, UL = Uplink, UMTS = Universal Mobile Telecommunications System, UpPTS = Uplink Pilot Timeslot.

\*CDMA2000° is a registered trademark of the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA – USA)

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